

# Supplementary Materials: CO<sub>2</sub> Adsorption by *para*-Nitroaniline Sulfuric Acid-Derived Porous Carbon Foam

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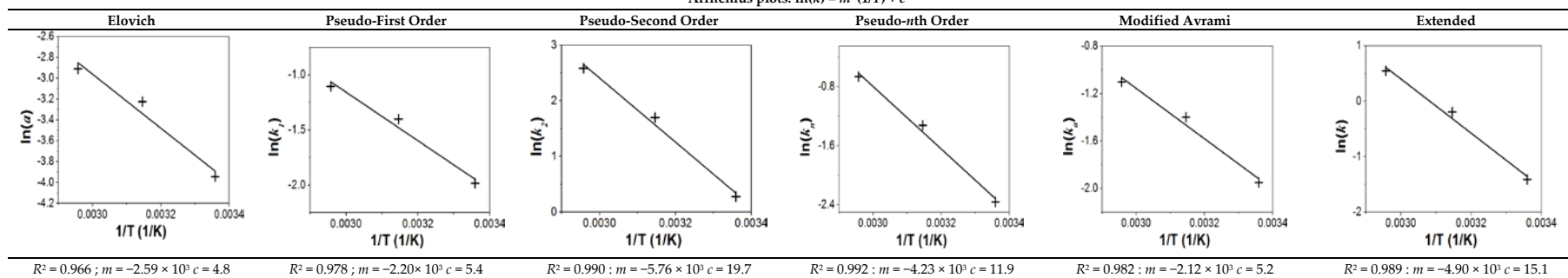
## Kinetic of Absorption of CO<sub>2</sub>

Full details of the kinetic models are available in Reference [36].

**Table S1.** Fitting results for the CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption curves for the NCPS foam with related Arrhenius plots.

NSPC		Elovich			Pseudo-First-Order			Pseudo-Second-Order			Pseudo- <i>n</i> -th-Order				Modified Avrami				Extended				
T (°C)	Q(0) (mg)	<i>a</i> (Hz)	$\alpha$	<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	<i>k</i> <sub>1</sub> (Hz)	<i>w</i> <sub>∞</sub>	<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	<i>k</i> <sub>2</sub> (Hz)	<i>w</i> <sub>∞</sub>	<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	<i>k</i> <sub><i>n</i></sub> (Hz)	<i>w</i> <sub>∞</sub>	<i>n</i>	<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	<i>k</i> <sub><i>a</i></sub> (Hz)	<i>w</i> <sub>∞</sub>	<i>m</i>	<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	<i>k</i> (Hz)	<i>w</i> <sub>∞</sub>	<i>m</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>
24.5	1.48	1.94 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.65 × 10	0.9718	1.38 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	8.06 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.9986	1.32	1.02 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.9896	9.44 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	7.86 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.86	0.9992	1.42 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	7.91 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.08	0.9996	2.44 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	8.07 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.17	1.22	0.9998
44.7	1.45	3.97 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.54 × 10	0.9271	2.47 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	4.97 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.9987	5.49	5.74 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.9817	2.66 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	4.98 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.02	0.9987	2.47 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	4.97 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.02	0.9988	8.23 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	5.06 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.24	1.42	0.9998
65.0	1.44	5.45 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.58 × 10 <sup>2</sup>	0.8947	3.32 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.22 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.9973	1.33 × 10	3.59 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.9788	5.15 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.24 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.11	0.9981	3.32 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.23 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.97	0.9975	1.73	3.28 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.25	1.52	0.9993

Arrhenius plots:  $\ln(k) = m \cdot (1/T) + c$



The activation energy (*E<sub>a</sub>*) of CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption is calculated from the slope (*m*) of the Arrhenius plot:  $E_a = -m \times R$ , where *R* is the ideal gas constant 8.314 J/(K·mol).

In the case of the pseudo-first-order model,  $E_a = -(-2.20 \times 10^3 \text{ 1/K}) \times 8.314 \text{ J/(K·mol)} = 18,290.8 \text{ J/mol} = 18.3 \text{ kJ/mol}$ .