Supporting Information

MIL-101(Cr) for CO₂ conversion into cyclic carbonates, under solvent and co-catalyst free mild reaction conditions

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Figure S1. The $^1$H NMR spectrum of product [3-chloro-1-propene carbonate] obtained from the conversion of epichlorohydrin with CO$_2$. Reaction condition: 850 mg epichlorohydrin, 50 mg of MIL-101(Cr), 35 °C, 1.5 bar of CO$_2$, 24 h
Figure S2. The catalytic activity in recycle ability; 9.2 mmol of epichlorohydrin, 50 mg of catalyst (MIL-101), 35 ºC, 1.5 bar of CO2 pressure, and 24 h.
Figure S3. The comparison of XRD pattern between (a) fresh catalyst (MIL-101) and (b) recycled catalyst (MIL-101)
Figure S4. The isotherm of N$_2$ adsorption at 77K of synthesized MIL-101 (a) and after catalyzed reaction or recycled catalyst (b).