

Supplementary material

S1: Water environmental quality standards and Five classes of surface water bodies (I - V)

According to the demand of surface water quality of national environmental policy, The first revision was made in 1988 to form the version of GB3838-88. It was then converted to GHZB 1-1999 in 1999 after 11 years of its implementation. In 2002, the standards experienced the third revision and became the latest version (GB3838-2002) being effective until now. After these 3 revisions, National Surface Water Quality Standards developed a comprehensive system in which nutrient indicator values in lakes and reservoirs have been identified. GB 3838-2002 has become the core for national water environmental monitoring, and plays a very important role in water pollution prevention regulation and water environmental management system.

Table S1-a Basic information of Water environmental quality standards (GB3838-2002) (SEPA, 2002).

Surface WQS	Standard	GB3838-2002
	Classification	5 Classes
Indicators	Basic parameters	24
	Organic chemical standards	80

Table S1-b Five classes of surface water bodies (I - V).

Indicators		Classes					
unit: mg/L		I	II	III	IV	V	
TN	\leq	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	
TP	River	\leq	0.02	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
	Lake and reservoirs	\leq	0.01	0.025	0.05	0.1	0.2
NH ₃ -N	\leq	0.15	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	
DO	\geq	90% or 7.5	6	5	3	2	
COD	\leq	15	15	20	30	40	
BOD ₅	\leq	3	3	4	6	10	
COD _{Mn}	\leq	2	4	6	10	15	

Parameters values were determined in accordance with the water environmental protection objective of aquatic life and human health for both water body and the recharge sources (Su et al., 2017). This standard effectively acted as preventing water pollution, ensuring human health, protecting resource, maintaining ecological balance, and conserving sustainable economic development. It could be applied to rivers, lakes, reservoirs, and other water basins, and became a major regulation for environmental planning, environmental management, water quality assessment, and pollutant discharge (SEPA, 2002).

Table S1-c Monitoring results of the water quality indexes and Five classes of the JR.

		JR1		JR2		JR3		JR4	
		N	F	N	F	N	F	N	F
TN	value	3.31	1.70	3.78	2.06	4.58	2.52	3.44	2.48
	class	-V	V	-V	-V	-V	-V	-V	-V
TP	value	0.10	0.06	0.13	0.07	0.16	0.08	0.11	0.08
	class	III	II	III	II	III	II	III	II
COD _{mn}	value	3.90	3.40	4.30	4.00	3.90	3.50	3.10	2.30
	class	II	II	III	II	II	II	II	II
DO	value	4.90	7.20	4.70	6.50	4.20	6.60	4.70	6.80
	class	IV	II	IV	II	IV	II	IV	II
COD	value	10.00	10.00	10.00	12.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	13.70
	class	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
BOD ₅	value	3.00	3.40	3.00	5.30	2.40	5.40	3.00	2.20
	class	II	III	II	IV	II	IV	II	II
NH ₃ —N	value	2.01	0.30	2.29	1.03	2.97	0.93	1.74	0.06
	class	-V	II	-V	IV	-V	III	V	I

-V: below V

Table S1-d Monitoring results of the water quality indexes and Five classes of the BR.

		BR1		BR2		BR3		BR4	
		N	F	N	F	N	F	N	F
TN	value	0.87	0.81	0.82	0.95	0.77	0.96	0.93	0.69
	class	III	III	III	III	III	III	III	III
TP	value	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.05
	class	III	III	III	III	III	III	III	III
COD _{mn}	value	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.70	3.50	4.50	3.40	4.70
	class	II	II	II	II	II	III	II	III
DO	value	6.50	7.60	7.00	7.80	6.90	7.80	6.90	7.70
	class	II	I	II	I	II	I	II	I
COD	value	11.50	12.10	11.10	13.60	10.40	12.80	10.00	14.60
	class	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
BOD ₅	value	2.20	2.00	2.10	2.00	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00
	class	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
NH ₃ —N	value	0.33	0.13	0.28	0.17	0.24	0.17	0.26	0.25
	class	II	I	II	II	II	II	II	II

S2: The eutrophication evaluation of lakes

The eutrophication evaluation of lakes is evaluated by Technological regulations for surface water resources quality assessment (SL395-2007).

Nutritional status evaluation items include total phosphorus (TP), total nitrogen (TN), chlorophyll a (chl_a), permanganate index (PI) and transparency (Tr). Nutritional status evaluation items include total phosphorus, total nitrogen, chlorophyll a, permanganate index and transparency. The formula for evaluating the nutritional status of lakes and reservoirs is as follows:

$$EI = \sum_{n=1}^N E_n / N$$

Where, EI is eutrophic index; E_n is the assignment of nutritional status evaluation items; N is the number of evaluation items.

Table S2-a Evaluation standard and classification of Lake nutrition state

EI	E _n	TP (mg/L)	TN (mg/L)	Chl _a (mg/L)	PI (mg/L)	Tr (m)	
Oligotrophic condition	10	0.001	0.020	0.0005	0.15	10	
0 < EI ≤ 20	20	0.004	0.050	0.0010	0.4	5.0	
Mesotrophic condition	30	0.010	0.100	0.0020	1.0	3.0	
20 < EI ≤ 50	40	0.025	0.300	0.0040	2.0	1.5	
	50	0.050	0.500	0.010	4.0	1.0	
Light 50 < EI ≤ 60	60	0.10	1.0	0.026	8.0	0.5	
Eutrophic condition	Middle 60 < EI ≤ 80	70	0.20	2.0	0.064	10	0.4
		80	0.60	6.0	0.16	25	0.3
	Severe 80 < EI ≤ 100	90	0.90	9.0	0.40	40	0.2
		100	1.30	16.0	1.0	60	0.12

Table S2-b Monitoring results of the water quality indexes and EI of the BR

Sites	BR1		BR2		BR3		BR4	
	N	F	N	F	N	F	N	F
TN	0.87	0.81	0.82	0.95	0.77	0.96	0.93	0.69
TP	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.05
PI	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.5	4.5	3.4	4.7
Chla	0.035	0.018	0.042	0.022	0.043	0.035	0.039	0.041
EI	54	53	54	54	53	56	54	55

S3: The background value of OM content in different sediment types in Guangzhou City (Wen et al., 1996; Li et al., 2005) and the classification of OM pollution degree.

Table S3-a: The background value of OM content in different sediment types in Guangzhou City

Index and background value		River	Soil	Sewage sludge	Vegetable soil	Paddy soil
The average content in Guangzhou	OM	51.5	26	128.4	50.8	28.81
	OC	29.89	15.29	75.53	29.88	16.94

Table S3-b: The classification of OM pollution degree.

Classification of OM pollution degree	OM	0-34	34-51	51-68	>68
	Pollution Degree		Unpolluted	Light pollution	Medium pollution

S4: The heavy metal concentrations and ecological risk assessment results

Table S4-a: The heavy metal concentrations results in surface sediments.


Sampling sites	Cd (mg/kg)	Cr (mg/kg)	Hg (mg/kg)	Pb (mg/kg)	As (mg/kg)	Cu (mg/kg)	Reference
JR1	0.34	31.15	0.09	55.49	10.08	13.41	
JR2	2.27	93.35	0.09	79.67	20.81	97.56	
JR3	0.34	24.72	0.04	41.26	6.50	9.76	
JR4	1.08	49.98	0.16	69.72	12.68	41.46	
BR1	0.36	29.73	0.11	211.99	2.60	15.85	
BR2	0.47	37.91	0.18	72.56	0.98	15.85	
BR3	0.07	34.69	0.09	12.80	0.65	2.44	
BR4	0.45	34.33	0.11	45.53	2.93	24.39	
Max	2.27	93.35	0.18	211.99	20.81	97.56	
Min	0.07	24.72	0.04	12.80	0.65	2.44	
Average	0.67	41.98	0.11	73.63	7.15	27.59	
Soil background value in Guangzhou	0.144	60.35	0.161	47.08	—	21.81	Wen et al., 1996
Agricultural sludge standard	5	600	5	300	75	250	GB 4284-84
Pearl River, China		86.09		43.28		46.08	Zhou et al., 2004
Pearl River, China				39.05		40.09	Li et al., 2000

Table S4-b: The heavy metal comprehensive polluted degree

Sampling sites	C _{Cd}	C _{Cr}	C _{Hg}	C _{Pb}	C _{As}	C _{Cu}	C _{Zn}	C _d
JR1	8.427	0.617	1.119	1.541	1.133	0.789	1.626	15.252
JR2	56.742	1.849	1.119	2.213	2.339	5.739	3.826	73.826
JR3	8.427	0.490	0.560	1.146	0.731	0.574	1.339	13.266
JR4	26.966	0.990	1.959	1.937	1.425	2.439	2.726	38.441
BR1	8.989	0.589	1.399	5.889	0.292	0.933	1.674	19.764
BR2	11.798	0.751	2.239	2.016	0.110	0.933	2.248	20.093

BR3	1.685	0.687	1.119	0.356	0.073	0.143	0.430	4.494
BR4	11.236	0.680	1.399	1.265	0.329	1.435	1.817	18.161
Average	16.784	0.831	1.364	2.045	0.804	1.623	1.961	25.412

Table S4-c: The heavy metal potential ecological risk.

Sampling sites	E_{Cd}	E_{Cr}	E_{Hg}	E_{Pb}	E_{As}	E_{Cu}	E_{Zn}	RI
JR1	252.809	1.234	44.776	7.707	11.327	3.945	1.626	323.424
JR2	1702.245	3.697	44.776	11.066	23.385	28.694	3.826	1817.690
JR3	252.809	0.979	22.388	5.731	7.308	2.869	1.339	293.423
JR4	808.988	1.979	78.358	9.683	14.250	12.195	2.726	928.179
BR1	269.663	1.178	55.970	29.443	2.923	4.663	1.674	365.514
BR2	353.933	1.501	89.552	10.078	1.096	4.663	2.248	463.070
BR3	50.562	1.374	44.776	1.778	0.731	0.717	0.430	100.369
BR4	337.079	1.360	55.970	6.323	3.289	7.174	1.817	413.011
Average	503.511	1.663	54.571	10.226	8.039	8.115	1.961	588.085

Table S4-d: The standards of ecological risk assessment.

C_j^i	Single factor index	C_d	Comprehensive polluted degree	E_j^i	Potential ecological risk of single factor	RI	Comprehensive potential ecological risk
<1	Low	<5	Low	<40	Light	<150	Light
1-3	Medium	5-10	Medium	40-80	Medium	150-300	Medium
3-6	High	10-20	High	80-160	Heavier	300-600	Heavy
≥6	Very high	≥20	Very high	160-320	Heavy	≥600	Serious
				≥320	Serious		

S5: The composition of original data matrix of MDS analysis

Table S5-a: Formulae for matrix variables of MDS.

Indices	Formulae	Explanation	References
Berger-Parker index (d)	$d = 1/\frac{n_{\max}}{N}$	n_{\max} : the number of the most species	Berger and Parker, 1970
Margalef index (d_{Ma})	$d_{Ma} = \frac{S - 1}{\ln N}$		Margalef, 1958
Simpson index (λ)	$\lambda = \sum_{i=1}^S P_i^2$	$P_i^2 = \frac{n_i (n_i - 1)}{N (N - 1)}$	Simpson, 1949
Simpson index (D)	$D = 1 - \sum_{i=1}^S P_i^2$		Greenberg, 1956
Simpson index (D_r)	$D_r = 1/\sum_{i=1}^S P_i^2$		Hill, 1973
Shannon index (H_e')	$H_e' = -\sum_{i=1}^S P_i \times \ln P_i$	$P_i = \frac{n_i}{N}$	Shannon, 1948
Shannon index (H_2')	$H_2' = -\sum_{i=1}^S P_i \times \log P_i$		Shannon, 1948
Pielou's Index (J_e)	$J = H_e' / \ln S$		Pielou, 1966

S: species number; N: sum of the individual number of all species; n_i : number of species i

Table S5-b: Take regional variation matrix of MDS analysis as an example.

Communities	Indices	JR1	JR2	JR3	JR4	BR1	BR2	BR3	BR4
phytoplankton	d	4.416	8.769	5.815	10.889	4.500	2.988	4.255	2.636
	d_{Ma}	6.791	7.235	5.973	8.421	6.518	6.192	6.727	5.519
	λ	0.248	0.051	0.078	0.054	0.097	0.246	0.100	0.209
	D	0.752	0.949	0.922	0.946	0.903	0.754	0.900	0.791
	D_r	10.662	20.562	15.664	25.086	10.422	5.280	10.123	5.280

zooplankton	H_e'	2.491	3.292	3.027	3.385	2.855	2.228	2.832	2.317
	H_2'	3.593	4.749	4.367	4.883	4.118	3.215	4.085	3.343
	J_e	0.655	0.841	0.814	0.848	0.728	0.570	0.705	0.594
	d	3.173	3.205	3.846	2.669	3.750	4.612	4.720	4.854
	d_{Ma}	3.665	3.357	3.616	1.765	3.671	3.276	3.060	3.450
	λ	0.170	0.193	0.156	0.151	0.133	0.131	0.126	0.107
	D	0.830	0.807	0.844	0.849	0.867	0.869	0.874	0.893
	D_r	6.682	5.391	8.451	7.485	7.521	8.912	9.329	10.491
	H_e'	2.234	2.009	2.207	1.578	2.291	2.229	2.206	2.347
	H_2'	3.223	2.898	3.185	2.276	3.306	3.216	3.183	3.386
	J_e	0.761	0.705	0.735	0.895	0.802	0.824	0.849	0.876
	d	2.000	3.800	2.000	2.417	2.000	3.000	1.000	1.000
benthos	d_{Ma}	1.924	1.698	1.443	1.782	1.443	1.820	(-)	(-)
	λ	0.214	0.146	0.167	0.217	0.167	0.000	(-)	(-)
	D	0.786	0.854	0.833	0.783	0.833	1.000	(-)	(-)
	D_r	4.667	6.840	6.000	4.614	6.000	(-)	(-)	(-)
	H_e'	1.386	1.709	1.040	1.643	1.040	1.099	0.000	0.000
	H_2'	2.000	2.465	1.500	2.370	1.500	1.585	0.000	0.000
	J_e	0.861	0.954	0.946	0.844	0.946	1.000	(-)	(-)

The index value is the average of two quarters (N and F).

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