

Supporting Information for

Ni(II) Complexes with Schiff Base Ligands: Preparation, Characterization, DNA/Protein Interaction and Cytotoxicity Studies

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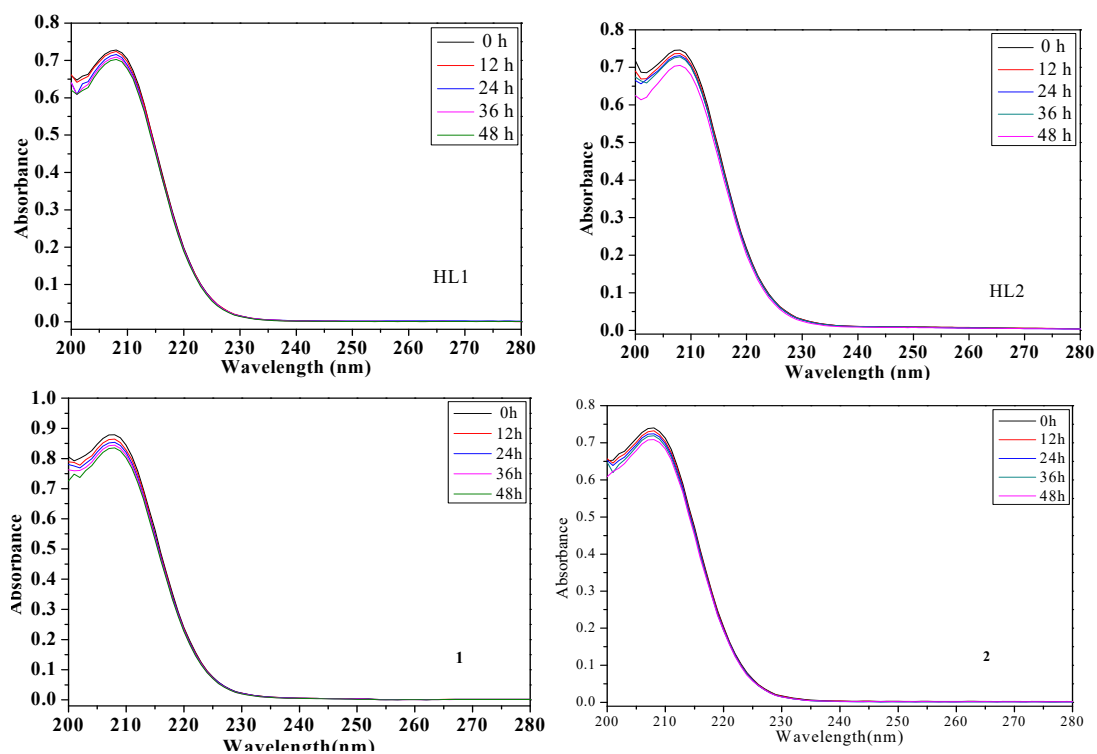


Figure S1. UV/Vis absorbance of HL1, HL2, 1, and 2 in solution after standing in different times at ambient temperature.

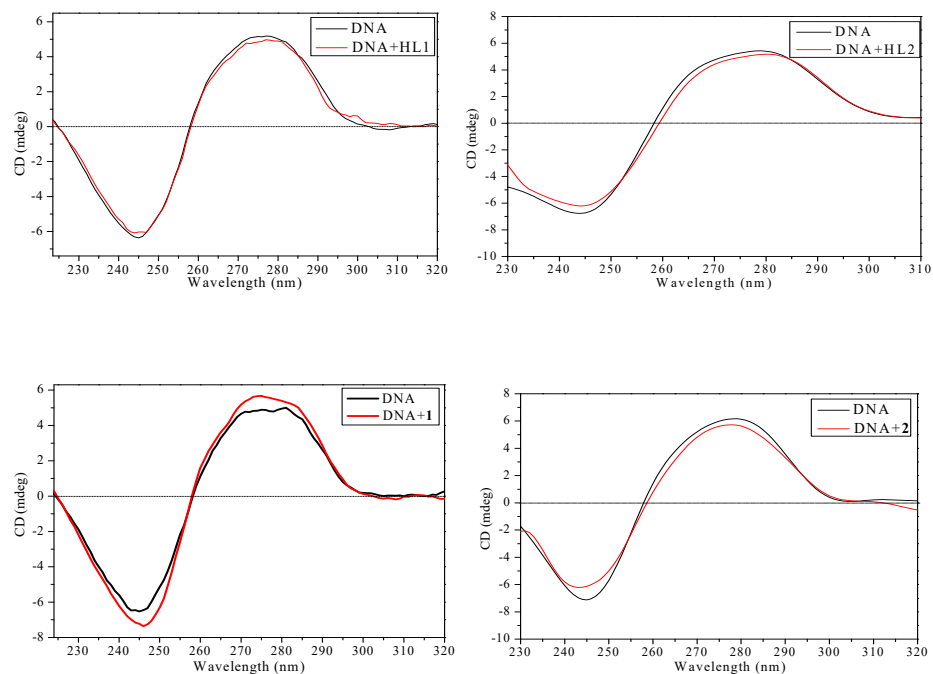


Figure S2. The CD spectra of CT-DNA in the buffer solution at $6.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ in the absence and presence of $1.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ HL1, HL2, 1, and 2.

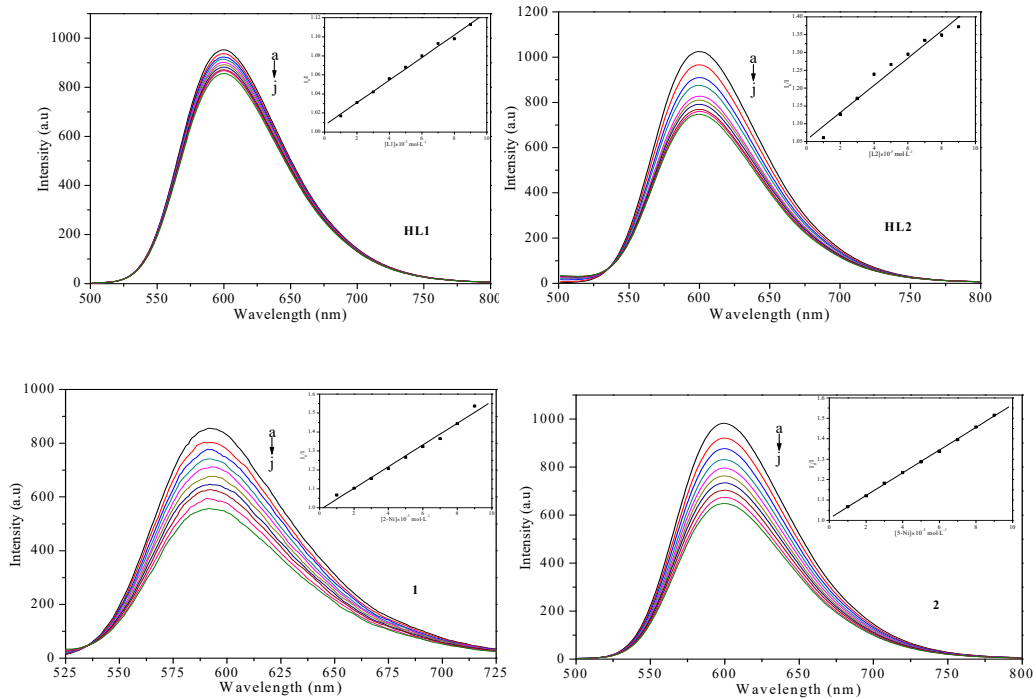


Figure S3. The Fluorescence quenching curves of GelRed bound to CT-DNA by HL1, HL2, **1**, and **2** ($0-9.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$) at room temperature. Insert: Plot of I_0/I versus [compound].

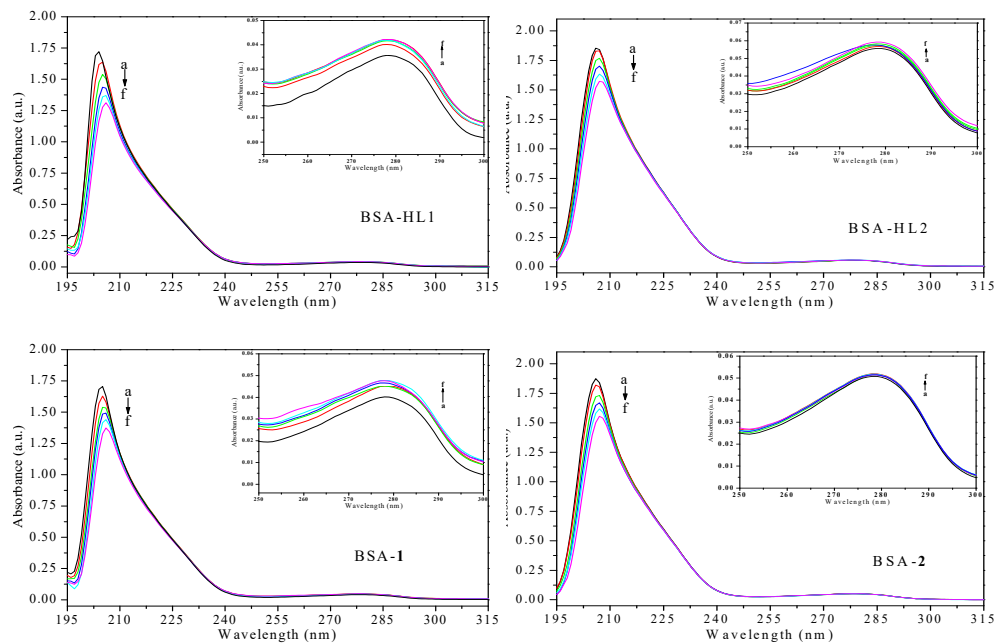


Figure S4. Absorption spectra of BSA ($1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$) in the absence and presence of increasing amount of HL1, HL2, **1**, and **2**. The concentration of HL1, HL2, **1**, and **2** were varied from 0 to 1.0×10^{-8} , 2.0×10^{-8} , 3.0×10^{-8} , 4.0×10^{-8} and $5.0 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ respectively, as a step of $1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$.

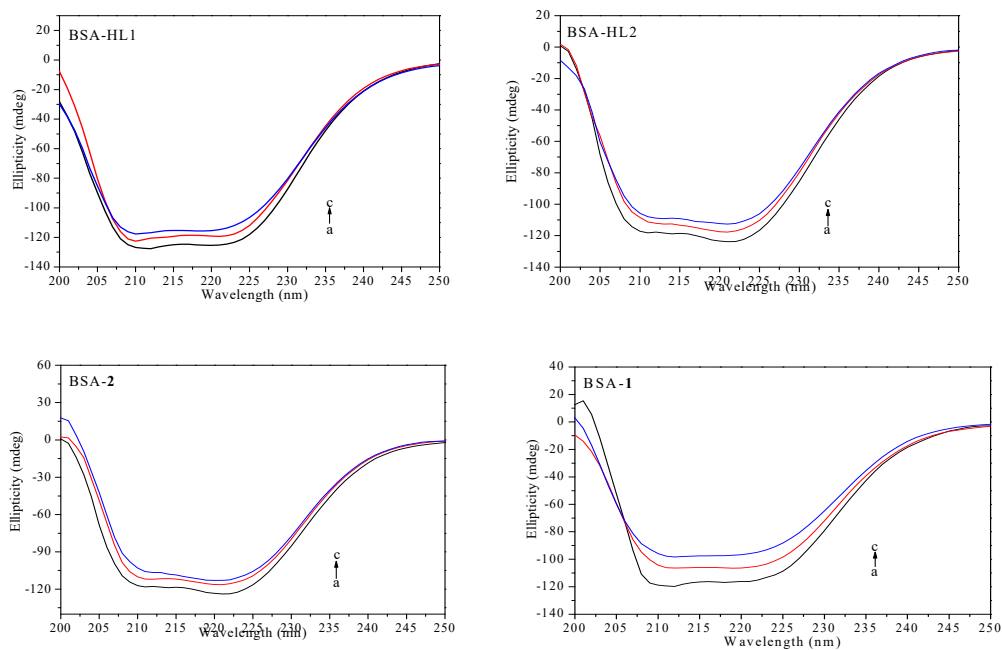


Figure S5. The CD spectra of BSA ($1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$) in the absence and presence of increasing amount of HL1, HL2, **1**, and **2**. From a to c, the ratios of [BSA] : [complex] were 1: 0, 1: 0.5 and 1:1.

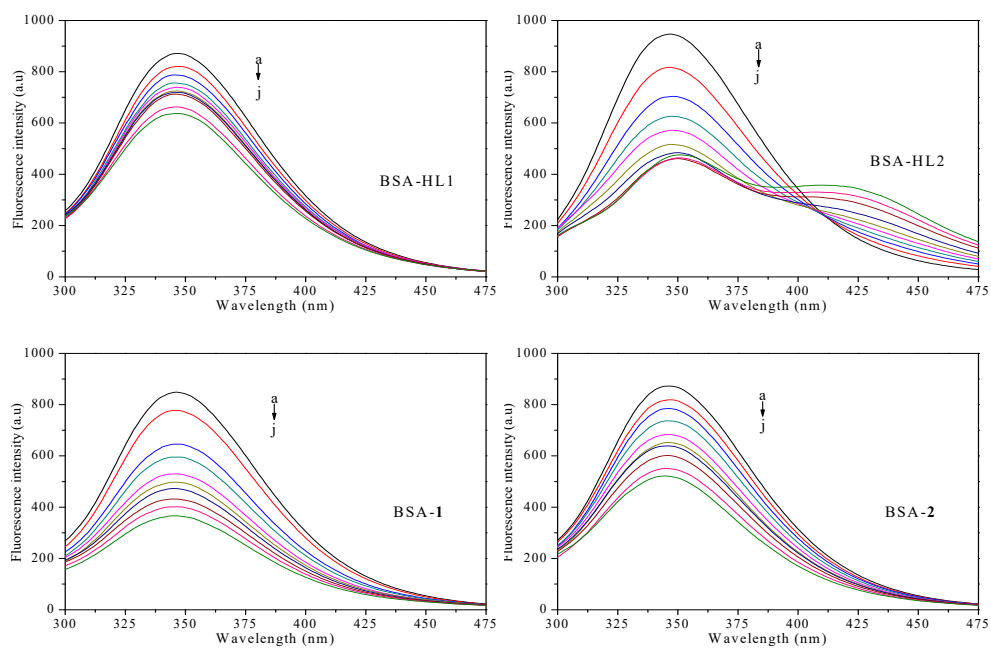


Figure S6. Emission spectra of BSA in the absence and the presence of HL1, HL2, **1**, and **2** at various concentrations, $T = 290 \text{ K}$ and BSA concentration was $1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$. From a to j, the concentrations of HL1, HL2, **1**, and **2** were varied from 0 to $3.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$, as a step of $3.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$.