

# Synthesis and Properties of a Bay-Annulated-Indigo Tetramer Based on Low-Cost Spiro[Fluorene-9,9'-Xanthene] Core

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## Contents:

<b>1. Cost estimations</b> .....	1
<b>2. The characterization data of intermediates and target compounds</b> .....	2
<b>3. TGA curves</b> .....	4
<b>4. Summary of UV-vis, CV, and DFT calculations</b> .....	4
<b>References</b> .....	5

## 1. Cost estimations

Cost estimations of 4Br-SFX and bromo-BAI were adapted from [1] and [2].

**Table S1.** Material quantities and costs for the synthesis of 4Br-SFX.

Chemical name	Weight reagent (g/g)	Weight solvent (g/g)	Weight workup (g/g)	Price of Chemical (\$/kg)	Material cost (\$/g product)	Total cost (\$/g)
2,7-dibromo-9H-fluoren-9-one	2.33			285	0.23	3.20
3-bromophenol	11.92			150	0.60	
MeSO <sub>3</sub> H	3.98			60.5	0.08	
EtOH			50	5.8	0.22	
Ethyl acetate			40	3.4	0.20	
petroleum ether			240	2.9	0.54	
Silica gel			20	8.0	0.13	

**Table S2.** Materials quantities and cost for the synthesis of bromo-BAI.

Chemical name	Weight reagent (g/g)	Weight solvent (g/g)	Weight workup (g/g)	Price of chemical (\$/kg)	Material cost (\$/g product)	Total cost (\$/g)
Indigo	5.13			7.40	0.038	5.49
Acetylchloride	3.86			11.85	0.046	
acetic anhydride		5.90		5.17	0.03	
2-Thiopheneacetyl chloride	1.90			427.57	0.81	
2-(4-((2-ethylhexyl)oxy)phenyl)acetyl chloride	4.20			220.50	0.92	
NBS	1.68			37.28	0.06	
1,4-Dioxane		4.30		11.20	0.05	
Xylene		5.00		10.40	0.05	
Dichloromethane			500	2.14	1.07	
Silica gel			80	8.0	0.64	
Chloroform			500	3.56	1.78	

## 2. Characterization data of intermediates and target compounds

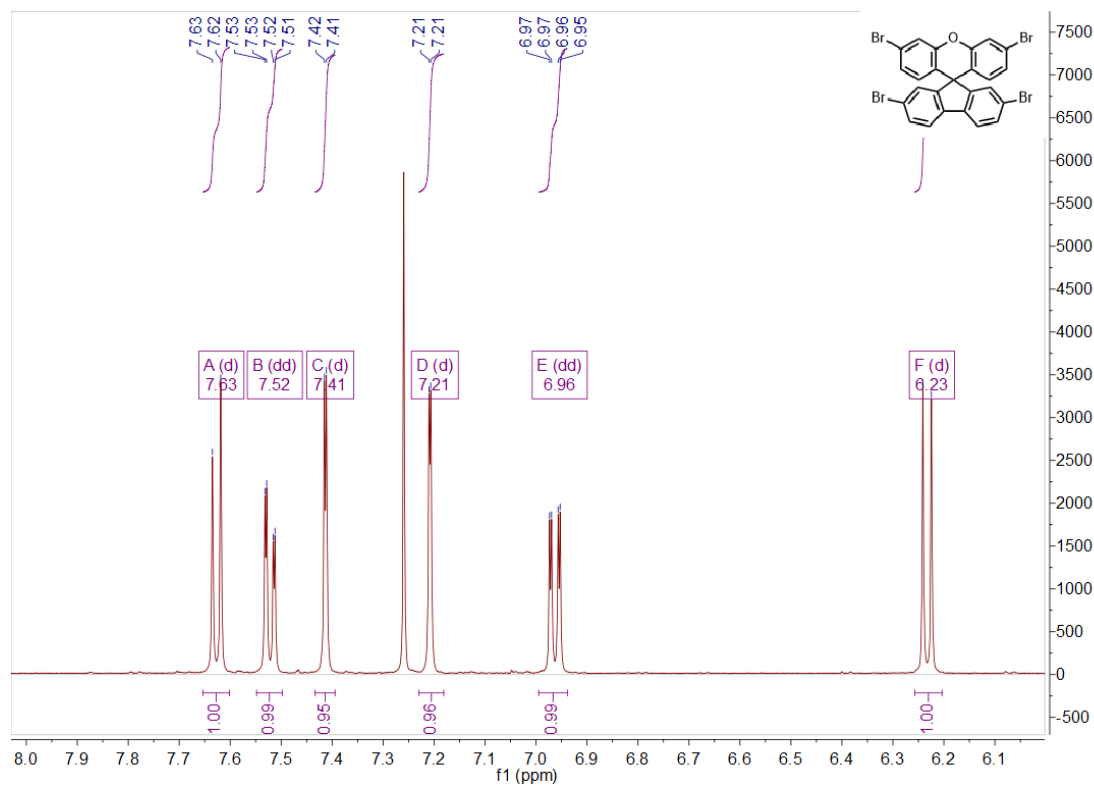


Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 4Br-SFX (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 298K).

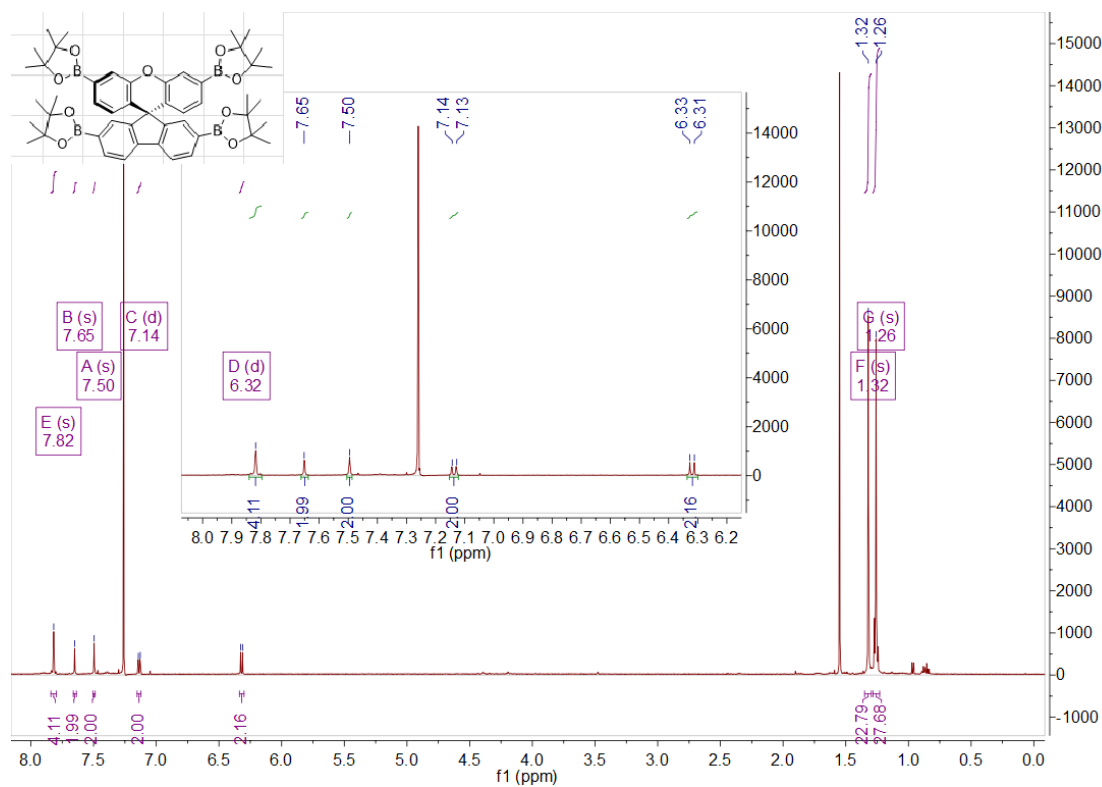


Figure S2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 4Bpin-SFX (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 298K).

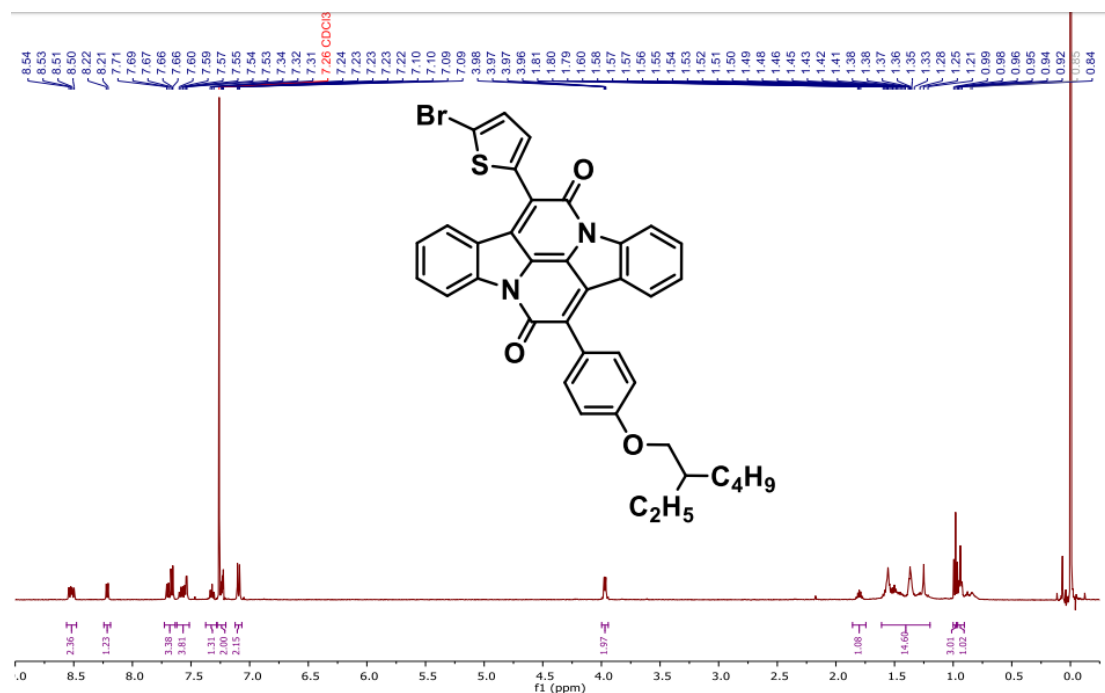


Figure S3.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of bromo-BAI ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 298K).

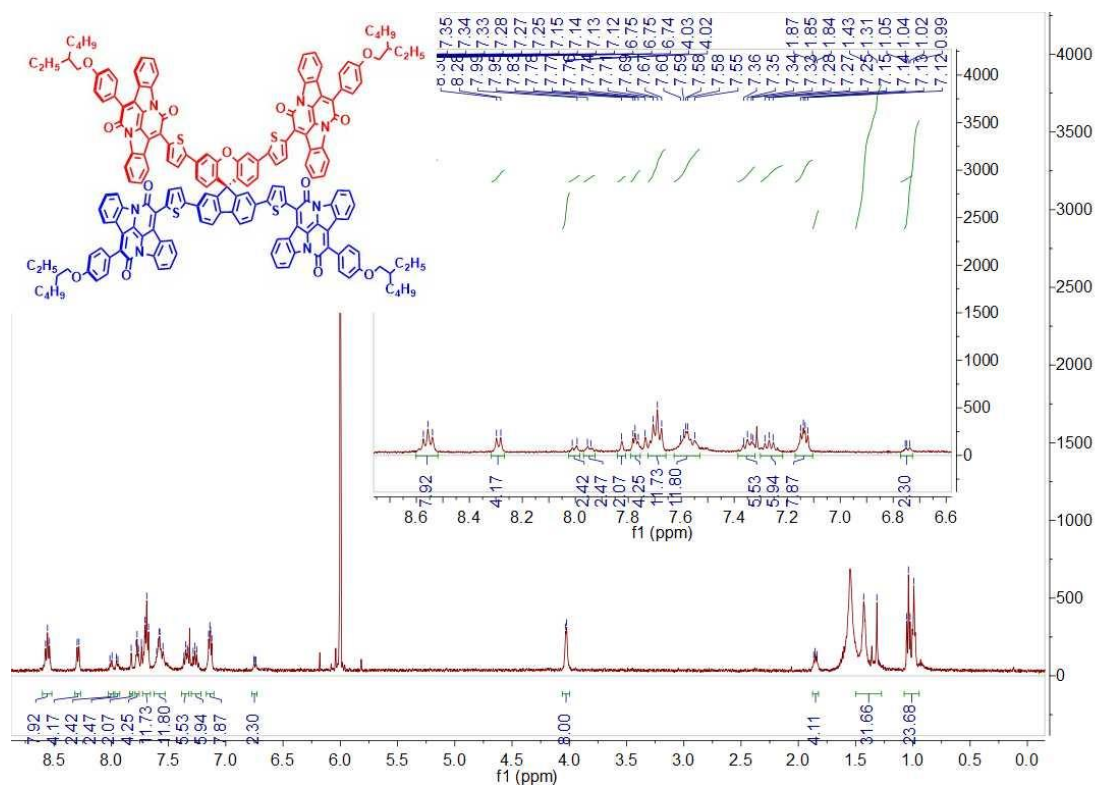
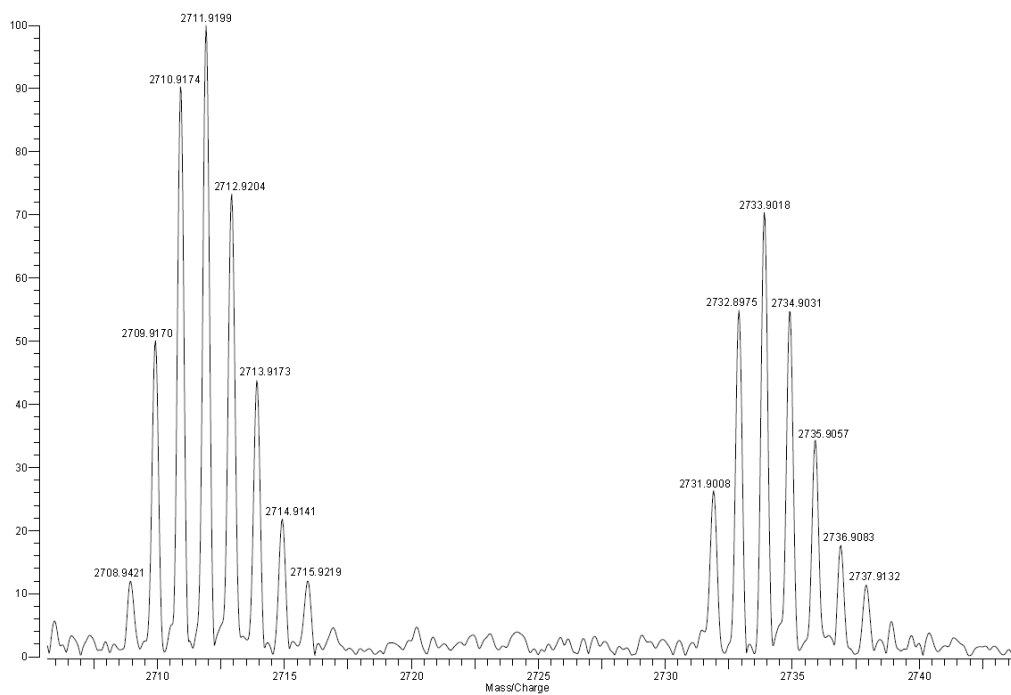
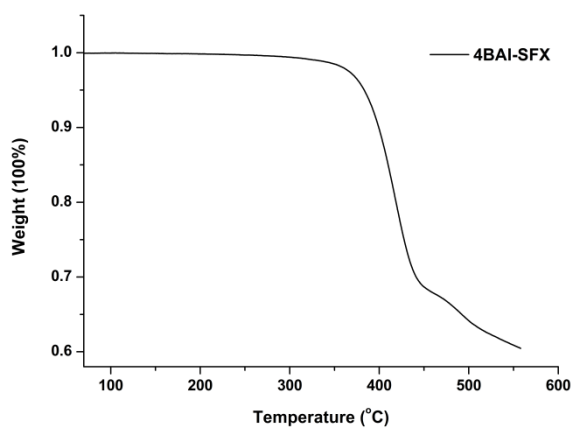


Figure S4.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of 4BAI-SFX ( $\text{C}_2\text{D}_2\text{Cl}_4$ , 358 K).



**Figure S5.** MALDI-TOF spectrum for 4BAI-SFX.

### 3. Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) curves



**Figure S6.** Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) curves of 4BAI-SFX in a nitrogen atmosphere.

### 4. Summary of UV-vis, CV, and DFT calculations

**Table S3.** Summarized results of photophysics, electrochemistry, and DFT calculations.

Compd.	UV-Vis <sup>a</sup>			Cyclic Voltammetry <sup>b</sup>			Calculated FMOs			
	$\lambda_{\text{max}}$ /nm	$\epsilon_{\text{max}}$ /M <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-1</sup>	$\lambda_{\text{onset}}$ /nm	$E_{\text{g}}^{\text{opt}}$ /eV	$E_{\text{HOMO}}$ /eV	$E_{\text{LUMO}}$ /eV	$E_{\text{g}}^{\text{Elec}}$ /eV	$E_{\text{HOMO}}$ /eV	$E_{\text{LUMO}}$ /eV	$E_{\text{g}}^{\text{Calc}}$ /eV
<b>4BAI-SFX</b>	596	145300	687	1.80	-5.34	-3.59	1.75	-4.93	-2.84	2.09

<sup>a</sup> Measured in dilute chloroform solutions, <sup>b</sup> samples were prepared in degassed CHCl<sub>3</sub> solution with tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate (0.1 M) as the electrolyte at a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>.

## References

- [1] M. Maciejczyk, A. Ivaturi, N. Robertson, SFX as a low-cost ‘Spiro’hole-transport material for efficient perovskite solar cells, *Journal of Materials Chemistry A*, 4 (2016) 4855-4863.
- [2] B. He, A.B. Pun, D. Zherebetsky, Y. Liu, F. Liu, L.M. Klivansky, A.M. McGough, B.A. Zhang, K. Lo, T.P. Russell, New form of an old natural dye: bay-annulated indigo (BAI) as an excellent electron accepting unit for high performance organic semiconductors, *Journal of the American Chemical Society*, 136 (2014) 15093-15101.