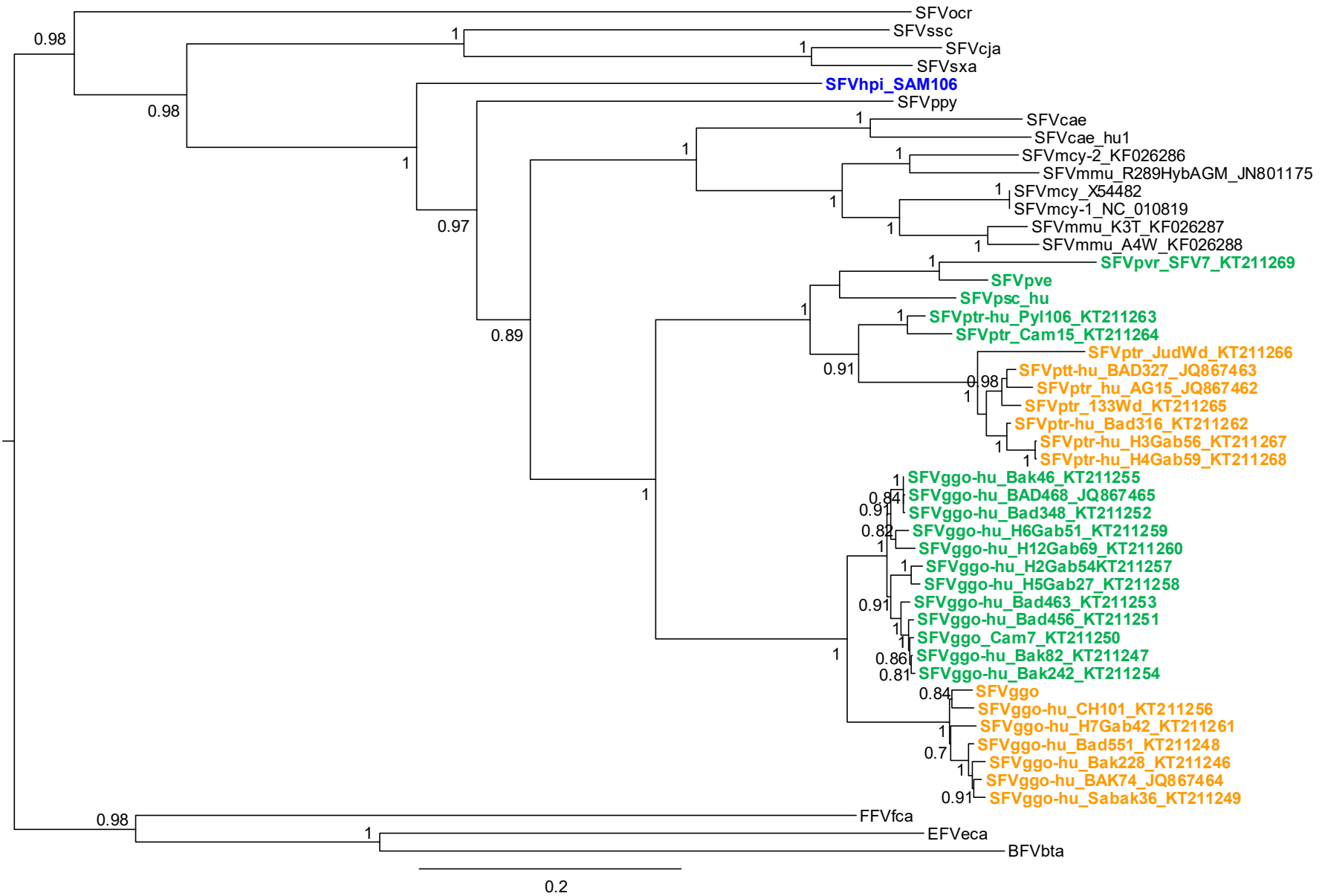


Molecular Analysis of the Complete Genome of a Simian Foamy Virus Infecting *Hylobates pileatus* (pileated gibbon) Reveals Ancient Co-evolution with Lesser Apes

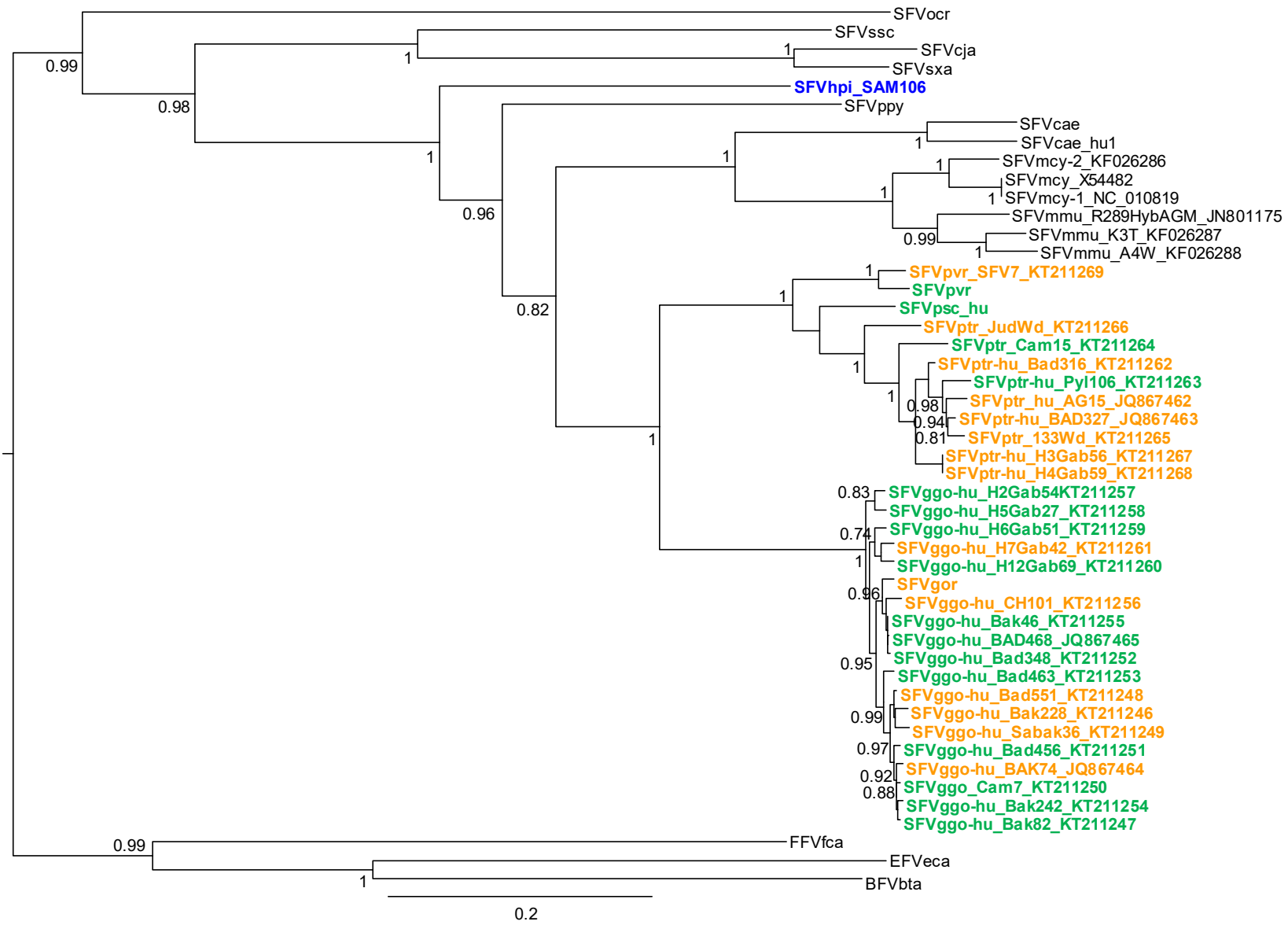
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Supplementary Figure. Phylogenetic analysis of foamy virus (FV) envelope (*env*) sequences of 48 taxa using maximum likelihood analysis with FastTree [1]. **A.** Analysis of the complete *env* (3,110 nucleotide positions); **B.** Analysis of 2,186 nucleotide positions without the receptor binding domain (RBD) of the surface (SU) protein region; **C.** Analysis of the RBD of SU region of *env* (810 nucleotide positions). **Old World apes:** Simian foamy virus (SFV) pvr, *Pan troglodytes verus* (chimpanzee), GenBank accession number U04327; SFVptr, *Pan troglodytes* (chimpanzee), GenBank accession numbers provided in figure; SFVpsc, *Pan troglodytes schweinfurthii* (chimpanzee), Y07725; SFVppy, *Pongo pygmaeus* (orangutan), AJ544579; SFVggo, *Gorilla* (gorilla), NC_039029; other SFVggo GenBank numbers provided in figure; SFVhpi_SAM106, *Hylobates pileatus*, (pileated gibbon), M621235. **Old World monkeys:** SFVcae, *Cercopithecus aethiops* (African green monkey), M74895; SFVmcy, *Macaca cyclopsis* (Formosan macaque), X54482; GenBank accession numbers for other OWM SFV provided in figure (MMU, *Macaca mullata*). **New World monkeys:** SFVcja, *Callithrix jacchus* (common marmoset), GU356395; SFVsxa, *Sapajus xanthosternos* (capuchin), KP143760; SFVaxx, *Ateles* species (spider monkey), EU010385; SFVssc, *Saimiri sciureus* (squirrel monkey), GU356394. **Prosimian (Pro):** SFVocr, *Otolemur crassicaudatus* (brown greater galago), KM233624. **Non-simian mammals (NSM):** Equine FV (EFV)eca, *Equus caballus*, AF201902; Bovine FV (BFV)bta, *Bos taurus*, U94514; and Feline FV (FFV)fca, *Felis catus*, Y08851). All trees were rooted with the NSM. Sequence names designated with “hu” were isolated from zoonotically-infected humans. Taxa in green and orange text represent the SFV with RBD identified as clade I and II, respectively [2, 3]. Confidence values for the branching patterns were assessed with the Shimodaira–Hasegawa (S-H) test and are given as probabilities to the left of each branching node. S-H values < 0.7 are not shown. The unit for the scale bar is the number of nucleotide substitutions per nucleotide site.

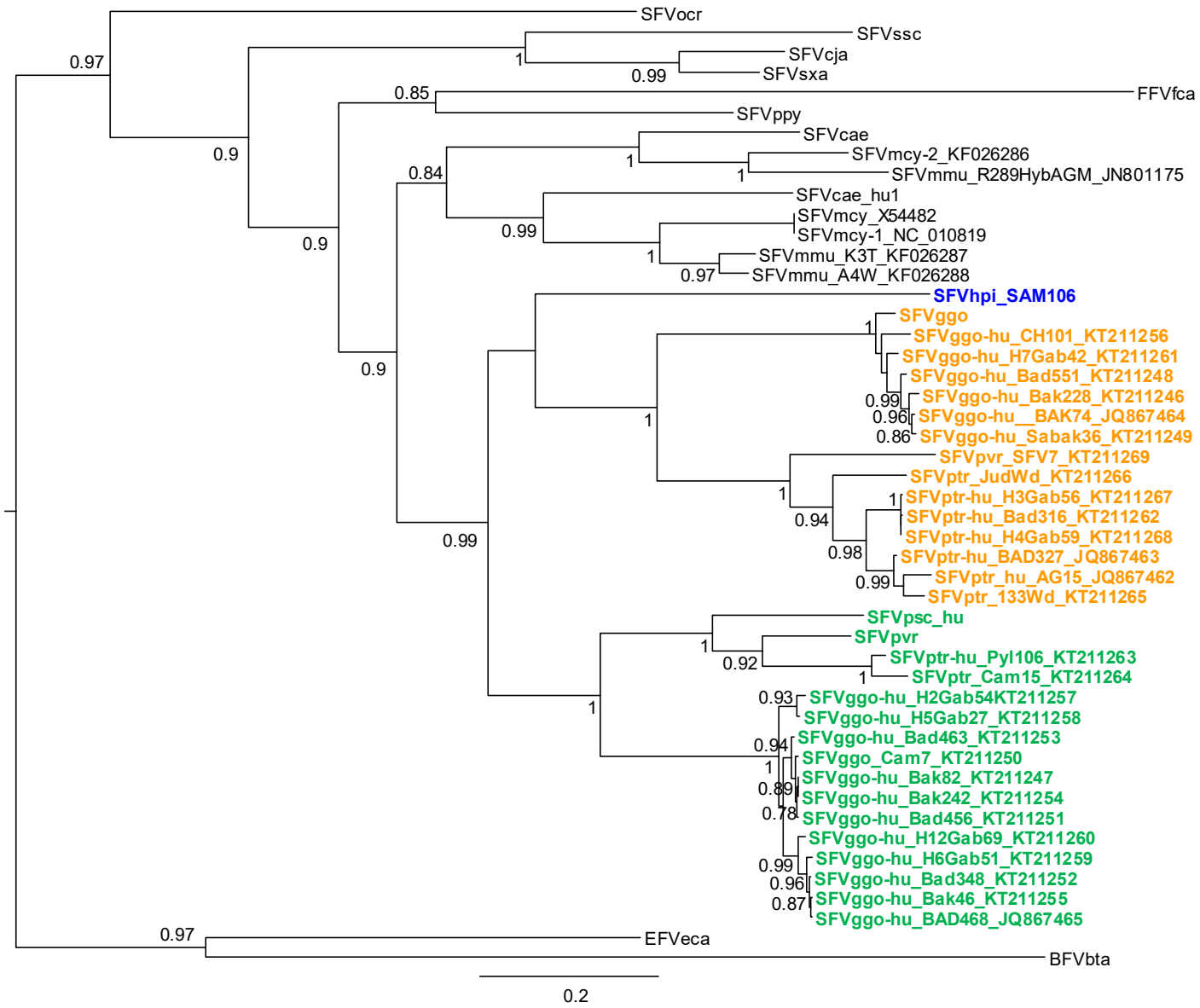
A.



B.



C.



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2. Galvin, T. A.; Ahmed, I. A.; Shahabuddin, M.; Bryan, T.; Khan, A. S., Identification of recombination in the envelope gene of simian foamy virus serotype 2 isolated from *Macaca cyclopis*. *J Virol* **2013**, 87, (15), 8792-7.
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