Thermal stability and thermoelectric properties of NaZnSb

Volodymyr Gvozdetskyi 1, Bryan Owens-Baird 1,2, Sangki Hong1 and Julia V. Zaikina 1,*

1 Department of Chemistry, Iowa State University, Ames, IA 50011, United States; volodya@iastate.edu (V.G.); skhong@iastate.edu (S.H.)
2 Ames Laboratory, U.S. Department of Energy, Ames, IA 50011 United States; bowens@iastate.edu (B.O.-B.)

* Correspondence: yzaikina@iastate.edu; Tel.: +1-515-294-3125

Figure S1. Scanning electron microcopy (SEM) images obtained in back-scattered electrons (BSE, left) and secondary electrons (SE, right) modes for the sample of NaZnSb prepared via hydride route and further densified by SPS. The composition determined by EDXS is Na1.3(1)Zn1.0(1)Sb1.0(1). The standard deviation in composition is calculated for the data collected in 8 different areas of each sample. The combined error of EDXS analysis is ± 5 %.