Supporting Information

**Novel Synthesis of Choline-Based Amino Acid Ionic Liquids and Their Applications for Separating Asphalt from Carbonate Rocks**

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1. Characterizations of AAIL

$^1$H NMR spectra of the synthesized AAIL of choline glycine (ChGly), choline serine (ChSer), choline histidine (ChHis), choline proline (ChPro), and choline phenylalanine (ChPhe) were recorded and shown in Fig. S1-S5. All the data are list in Table S1. According to the ratio of integration value of proton signals, the synthesized IL has a high purity.

![Figure S1. $^1$H NMR spectra of ChGly. The solvent was D$_2$O as indicated by peaks near 4.79 ppm.](image-url)
Figure S2. $^1$H NMR spectra of ChSer. The solvent was D$_2$O as indicated by peaks near 4.79 ppm.
Figure S3. $^1$H NMR spectra of ChPro. The solvent was D$_2$O as indicated by peaks near 4.79 ppm.
Figure S4. $^1$H NMR spectra of ChHis. The solvent was D$_2$O as indicated by peaks near 4.79 ppm.
Figure S5. $^1$H NMR spectra of ChPhe. The solvent was D$_2$O as indicated by peaks near 4.79 ppm.

Table S1. $^1$H-NMR data of AAIL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>δ/ppm</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ChGly</td>
<td>2.08 (s, 2H, CH2-N), 3.11 (s, 9H, CH3, CH3, CH3), 3.43 (m, 2H CH2), 3.96 (m, 2H, CH2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>ChSer</td>
<td>3.12 (s, 9H, CH3, CH3, CH3), 3.27 (t, 1H, CH-N), 3.44 (t, 2H, CH2), 3.67 (d, 2H, CH2), 3.97 (m, 2H, CH2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>ChPro</td>
<td>1.62 (m, 3H, CH2, CH2), 2.00 (m, 1H, CH2), 2.67 (m, 1H, CH2-N), 2.94 (m, 1H, CH2-N), 3.07 (s, 9H, CH3, CH3, CH3), 3.39 (m, 1H, CH-N), 3.51 (t, 2H, CH2), 3.92 (m, 2H, CH2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ChHis</td>
<td>2.70 (m, 2H, CH2), 2.83 (m, 2H, CH2), 3.06 (s, 9H, CH3, CH3, CH3), 3.37 (t, 3H, CH2, CH-N), 3.91 (m, 2H CH2), 6.80 (s, 1H, =CH), 7.55 (s, 1H, =CH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ChPhe</td>
<td>2.80 (m, 1H, CH2), 2.97 (m, 1H, CH2), 3.08 (s, 9H, CH3, CH3, CH3), 3.38 (m, 2H, CH2), 3.43 (m, 1H, CH-N), 3.95 (m, 2H, CH2), 7.23-7.32 (m, 5H, C6H5)</td>
</tr>
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Based on DSC curves of AAIL (shown in Fig. S6), the glass transition temperatures were observed in the range from -83.17 °C to -49.71 °C for all the ILs. All AAILs were liquids at room temperature. The TGA curves of AAIL are shown in Fig. S7. The decomposition temperatures were calculated from the intersection of the baseline and the tangent line in the TGA curves. The decomposition temperatures ranked from 138 °C to 185 °C, which means these AAIL are thermally stable enough for IL-assisted solvent extraction test.
Figure S6. DSC heating traces for (a) ChGly, (b) ChHis, (c) ChSer, (d) ChPro and (e) ChPhe.

Figure S7. TGA curves for AAILs.